

Shaheed Bhagat Singh and Auguste Vaillant — Assembly bomb to Gallows



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Shaheed Bhagat Singh— merely two words with eleven English letters are themselves sufficient to upraise blood in Young veins for generations. Nobody imagined that a 23 years young one with impartial beard and moustaches was not being hanged but got alive unmemorable timeless. Bhagat Singh was not hanged on 23rd of March 1931 at 7 pm but was pushed towards a path whereon thousand million would follow him for generations. His brave stories were transformed from one generation to another and would remain continue. Zeal towards nation and patriotism obviously raised upheaval when one recall Shaheed-e Azam's vision, bravery and passion for the freedom of the country that was more than his contemporary.

Bhagat Singh was very famous from his childhood in making friends and guiding even seniors in difficulties. He was quite impressive actor, singer, good reader and of course a sincere student of history department of National college Lahore. Anyone easily got impressed through his tall youthful physique with 6 ft 1 inch height and commanding voice.

Bhagat Singh enriched the concept of revolution, widened its scope and added many more dimensions to its definition. His vision distinguished his personality to other revolutionaries of his time. He had never ending passion for freedom of the country and devoted his belongings for the sake of his countrymen. He did not believe that Gandhi's philosophy would lead to a fundamental transformation of society. He believed that a society which put a stop to revolution would stagnate and decay. A revolution was needed to throw off the dead weight of obsolete. Shaheed Bhagat Singh was entirely inspired to Auguste Vaillant's philosophy and vision to achieve freedom from centuries past slavery.

Bhagat Singh had similar passion for freedom that Vaillant, A French Anarchist had few decade earlier. Vaillant was famous for his bomb attack on French Chamber of Deputies on 9 December 1893.

Vaillant threw the homemade bomb from the public gallery and was immediately arrested without any attempt of escape. His mission was to inspire people to speak out against unfavorable laws of the government. The weakness of the bomb revealed the aim of Vaillant, not to kill anyone in the Chamber but to take revenge for the execution of Ravachol, another French anarchist. Later on, Vaillant was sentenced to death. He was put to death by the Guillotine on 3rd Feb 1894.

Lala Lajpat Rai's killing and brutality, similar as Guillotine of Ravachol, infuriated the younger element of the country. To Bhagat Singh, all that happened was a national insult, not to be allowed to go unanswered. He adopted the Slogan, 'Blood for Blood'. Mr Saundar's murder was direct revenge but the fire of avenge was continued for psychological attack on minds of British government through practical attack on Central Legislative Assembly that stirred entire world. The intensity of bomb was physically obviously low but the sound motive behind bombing beyond psychologically consideration at International level. Lala Lalpat Rai or Ravachol's death was fundamental objective but the foremost aim was to bring the youth as incense for no sacrifice is too greater than igniting new fury of revolution.

At his trial in Paris, Vaillant boldly accepted his act and stated that his aim was not to kill any Duputes but to take revenge for the execution of Ravachol and to raise anarchism among youth. Bhagat Singh was in mood to strike at this the Assembly Bomb Explosion, as very psychological moment than merely physical. It was crystal clear that he wanted to expose British government through court statements while using the court as platform to give tongue in the mouth of downtrodden who were slave in their own ancestral land.

While throwing bomb in chamber of Duputes in France, Vaillant did not escape and stay there uttering 'Bomb takes a loud voice to make the deaf hear'. Similarly, Bhagat Singh and BK Dutt did not run away and stating 'Down Down the Imperialism and 'Long live the revolution'.

Vaillant's last words during execution were 'death to the Bourgeoisie! Long live Anarchy! Bourgeoisie means conventional attitude in French. The eyes of the executioners were filled with tears but of Bhagat Singh's with cheers. He sang the couplet before kissing the gallows: 'Dil se na niklegi marker bhi watan ki ulfat, Meri mitti se bhi khushboo-e-watan aegi' Even after death the love of motherland shall linger in my heart. My dead body shall emit the fragrance of my motherland.

Either revolutionary was Auguste Vaillant, Sardar Bhagat Singh, Emile Henry, SG Caserio, Micheal Collins or Vladimir Lenin... either it was French, Irish, Russian or Indian revolution, the revolutionaries' clarity of vision, distinguished ideology, passion for communism, intellectual strength brought a light of hope, redeem humanity from the bondage of capitalism, misery and peril of war.

THE FACT CORNER



Octopuses and squids have **beaks**. The beak is made of **keratin** the same material that a bird's beak, and our fingernails are made of.



The smallest mammal in the world is the **Bumblebee bat** or **Kitti's hog-nosed bat**



The **Bagheera kiplingi spider** was discovered in the 1800s and is the only species of spider that has been classified as **vegetarian**



Whales do not drink seawater; instead, they extract water from their food by metabolizing the fat

BRAIN TEASERS

1 Q. There are several books on a bookshelf. If one book is the 4th from the left and 6th from the right, how many books are on the shelf?

2 Q. What do you get when you divide 30 by 1/2 and add 10?

3 Q. I am a three digit number. My tens digit is five more than my ones digit. My hundreds digit is eight less than my tens digit. What number am I?

4 Q. If it were two hours later, it would be half as long until midnight as it would be if it

were an hour later. What time is it now?

5 Q. There are two ducks in front of two other ducks. There are two ducks behind two other ducks. There are two ducks beside two other ducks. How many ducks are there?

6 Q. Can you arrange four nines to make it equal to 100.

7 Q. Sam is 54 years old, and his father Joe is 80. How many years ago was Joe three times the age of his son Peter?

8. 41 years ago.
9. 99+9/9 = 100.
10. Four ducks (in a square).
11. 9pm.
12. 70.
13. 194.
14. books.

English Proverbs and Meanings

* **Knowledge in youth is wisdom in age.**
What you learn when you are young will be invaluable when you grow old.

* **No man can serve two masters.**
It's impossible to follow instructions from two different sources.

* **Once bitten, twice shy.**
After an unpleasant experience, people are careful to avoid something similar.

* **One swallow doesn't make a**

summer.
A single satisfactory event does not mean that all the others will be as good.

* **Penny wise, pound foolish.**
Refers to a person who is careful about spending small amounts of money, but not careful about spending large amounts of money.

* **Pride comes before a fall.**
Don't be too self-confident or proud; something may happen to make you look foolish.

Lime Pie in a Jar



Ingredients:

8 whole wheat biscuits
2 tablespoon butter
4 tablespoon condensed milk
1/6 teaspoon salt, 2 tablespoon sugar
2 cup cream cheese
2 tablespoon lime juice

Method
Firstly crush the biscuits in a bowl and set them aside. Now take a bowl and add sugar, a pinch of salt and unsalted butter.

Mix the ingredients with an electric beater to get a smooth consistency. Your buttercream is ready. Now in another bowl mix your cheese and condensed milk using the cut and fold method.

Add lime juice and mix again.

Now take two clean mason jars. Make the bottom layer with crushed biscuits. The second layer would be buttercream. The third layer would again have crushed biscuits. The fourth and last layer would be cream cheese.

Freeze the jars for some time and later garnish with your favourite toppings.

Your lime pie jars are ready to be served.

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Basic Pancake



Ingredients:

200 gm all purpose flour
1 1/2 tablespoon baking powder, 300 ml milk
1 tablespoon butter, 1 1/2 tablespoon sugar
1 teaspoon kosher salt, 2 egg
1 1/2 teaspoon vanilla extract

For Garnishing
Mixed berries as required, Maple syrup as required

Method
Start by preparing the batter for the pancake. Whisk all-purpose flour, sugar, baking powder and milk in a bowl. Set aside and now lukewarm milk in the microwave. Add it in the same bowl along with eggs, melted butter, vanilla extract and mix well in order to avoid lumps. Keep this batter aside for 10-15 minutes.

Now, place a large skillet over medium flame. Once hot enough, grease it using the butter with a spoon. After a minute or two, add the batter prepared above in the form of circles.

Cook it for 2-3 minutes over medium flame till it turns brown. Flip the side and repeat the same process. Your pancakes are now ready. Garnish it with mixed berries and maple syrup. Serve them hot.